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U. S. Department of Agriculture

A CATALOG
FOR BETTER FRUITS
AND MORE BEAUTY

FALL 1944

- Dwarf Fruit Trees
- Espalier Fruit Trees
- Bearing-Age Trees With Fruit Buds
- Quintuplet Apple Trees
- Bush Cherries
- Everbearing Raspberries
- Thornless Boysenberries
- Cultivated Blueberries
- Gooseberries and Currants
- Red-Leaf Schwedler Maples
- And Other Beautiful Trees and Plants



STERN'S NURSERIES
GENEVA, NEW YORK

DWARF FRUIT TREES

Dwarf Fruit Trees are ideal ornamental plants, combining beauty and utility in a most delightful way. They grow no taller than a man can reach, and produce extra large, delicious fruit. They do not spread more than 10-15 ft. in diameter. Many of them bear fruit the first year planted, and they produce considerable crops a few years after planting. They thrive in any average garden soil.

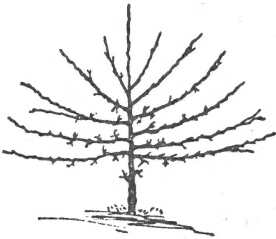
It is a pleasure to watch these small trees when they are covered with beautiful blossoms in the spring, and when they are loaded with delicious fruit in the fall.

We are one of the few nurseries supplying Dwarf Fruit Trees budded on true dwarfing rootstocks which insure dwarf habit and early yields.

Only apples are available in Dwarf Trees at present.



FAN-SHAPED ESPALIER TREES



Until recently, Espalier Fruit Trees were grown chiefly in European gardens and only a few Americans used them as landscape features. Today, however, more American gardeners are realizing the advantages of growing this type of fruit tree for the utilization of space that might otherwise be wasted.

Fan-Shaped Espalier trees make a beautiful decoration for the sides of your home or garage. They need no more room or care than a Climbing Rose, are a never ending point of interest, and will supply your table with delicious fruit.

They grow 10 to 12 ft. tall, and they generally begin to produce fruit the second year.

Any home having a wall which has been neglected can now turn that portion of the home ground into a little orchard with but very little expense.

Plant Peach and Apricot Espalier trees along walls facing south or east, Plum Espalier trees facing east or west, Cherry Espalier trees facing west or north.

Fan-Shaped Espalier trees are easy to care for. Directions are included in every shipment.

Our supply is limited. Please order early if Espalier trees are on your planting list.

BEARING-AGE STANDARD FRUIT TREES

These are wonderful trees; many of them have already fruited in the nursery.

Please note, however, that they must become established in their new location in your garden before they bear again. Generally they begin to fruit the second year.

Only varieties of apples marked "BA" can be supplied in Bearing-Age Standard Trees.

BEST SIZES AND GRADES OF FRUIT TREES TO PLANT

Our experience leads us to advise you to plant only the best grades. It pays better to plant a few large trees instead of twice as many small inferior trees.

Fruit trees are an investment for decades, and sometimes for generations. The purchase price of a fruit tree does not mean much when you realize that 1 or 2 bushels of fruit will pay for it.

PLANTING DISTANCES

Standard Apple, Sweet Cherry and Walnut Trees.....	25-30 ft.
Standard Pear, Plum, Sour Cherry, Peach and Nectarine Trees.....	15-20 ft.
Dwarf Apple, Quince and Apricot Trees.....	12-15 ft.
Grape Vines and Bush Cherries.....	8 ft.
Berry Plants and Rhubarb Roots.....	4 ft.

Copyright 1944 Stern's Nurseries.



A 4 year old Dwarf Apple Tree, loaded with delicious fruit.

APPLES

	Each	Per 3	Per 10
Dwarf Trees, 2 year, 4 to 5 ft.....	\$ 4.00	\$10.80	\$32.00
Standard Trees, Bearing-Age, 6 to 8 ft.....	3.00	8.10	25.00
" " 2 year, 5 to 7 ft., Extra Heavy.....	1.75	4.95	15.00
" " " 4 to 6 ft., Orchard Size.....	1.50	4.20	12.00

Abbreviations:

Dw.—Dwarf Trees BA.—Standard Trees, Bearing-Age
Months after name of variety indicate the time of ripening.

St.—Standard Trees, 2 year

Available in

BALDWIN. November-May. A leading commercial sort in New York and New England. Large, bright red. Tree vigorous and productive.	St.
CORTLAND. November-February. A comparatively new apple that combines the flavor of McIntosh, and the ability to stand handling of the Baldwin. An excellent variety to plant as a cross-pollinator.	Dw. BA. St.
DELICIOUS. December-February. One of the finest winter apples. Dark red with crisp, fine grained flesh of excellent flavor. Hardy, vigorous, and annual bearer.	Dw. BA. St.
EARLY HARVEST. July-August. An old favorite; the earliest summer apple of good quality. Bears early and regularly.	St.
EARLY MCINTOSH. August. This apple with its pleasing taste and appearance is very similar to McIntosh. Bright solid red, flesh juicy with a sprightly sub-acid flavor.	BA. St.
FAMEUSE (Snow Apple). October-December. A beautiful dark red apple, flesh snowy-white, rimmed and flecked with crimson, juicy and with a mild aromatic flavor.	Dw. St.
JONATHAN. November-March. A beautiful red apple. Flesh yellow, crisp, tender, and juicy, with a pleasantly acid flavor.	St.
KENDALL. October. Dark red McIntosh seedling, very attractive. An annual bearer and good keeper.	St.

APPLES—Continued

	Available in
MACOUN. November-January. A dark red apple of the McIntosh type, ripening 6 weeks later than its parent. The tree bears heavy and regularly.	Dw. BA. St.
McINTOSH RED. October. A leading commercial sort for New York and New England. A very attractive apple of the highest quality. Hardy, bears young and annually.	Dw. BA. St.
MILTON. September. A beautiful pinkish red apple, flesh tender, very white, with a refreshing aroma. Early and annual bearer. This is an excellent new variety which can be highly recommended.	BA. St.
NORTHERN SPY. November-April. Large red and yellow apple of fine quality. Leading commercial sort.	Dw. St.
OLDENBURG (Duchess). August-September. An early and regular cropper; tree extremely hardy. Fruit pale yellow with stripes of bright red. Flesh yellow, juicy and slightly sub-acid.	St.
RED ASTRACHAN. August. Handsome deep crimson apple, excellent for cooking. Hardy and a good bearer.	Dw. St.
RED GRAVENSTEIN. September-October. An excellent autumn apple, tender, juicy, with slightly aromatic flavor.	St.
RED ROME BEAUTY. November-May. This beautiful apple is brilliant solid red in color, flesh juicy and aromatic. A dependable cropper, highly recommended.	St.
RHODE ISLAND GREENING. November-March. Large yellowish green apple of fine quality. An abundant yielder and excellent keeper.	St.
STAYMAN'S WINESAP. December-April. Winesaps prefer a long season. For this reason we recommend their planting in Southern gardens. The fruit is yellow striped with red, and the flesh has a pleasing flavor. Trees start bearing annual crops at an early age.	St.
TOLMAN SWEET. November-April. The leading sweet apple, yellow tinged with red. Hardy and productive.	St.
WEALTHY. October-January. Beautiful, brilliant red apple of fine quality. Exceptionally hardy and an early bearer.	St.
YELLOW DELICIOUS. October-March. Golden yellow apple, large, juicy, and exceptionally fine quality. Many say this is the finest yellow apple. It bears young and heavily. Producers in 38 states report Yellow Delicious apple trees bearing at 2 years of age.	Dw. BA. St.
YELLOW TRANSPARENT. August. Early yellow apple. Excellent flavor. Trees hardy and abundant bearers.	BA. St.

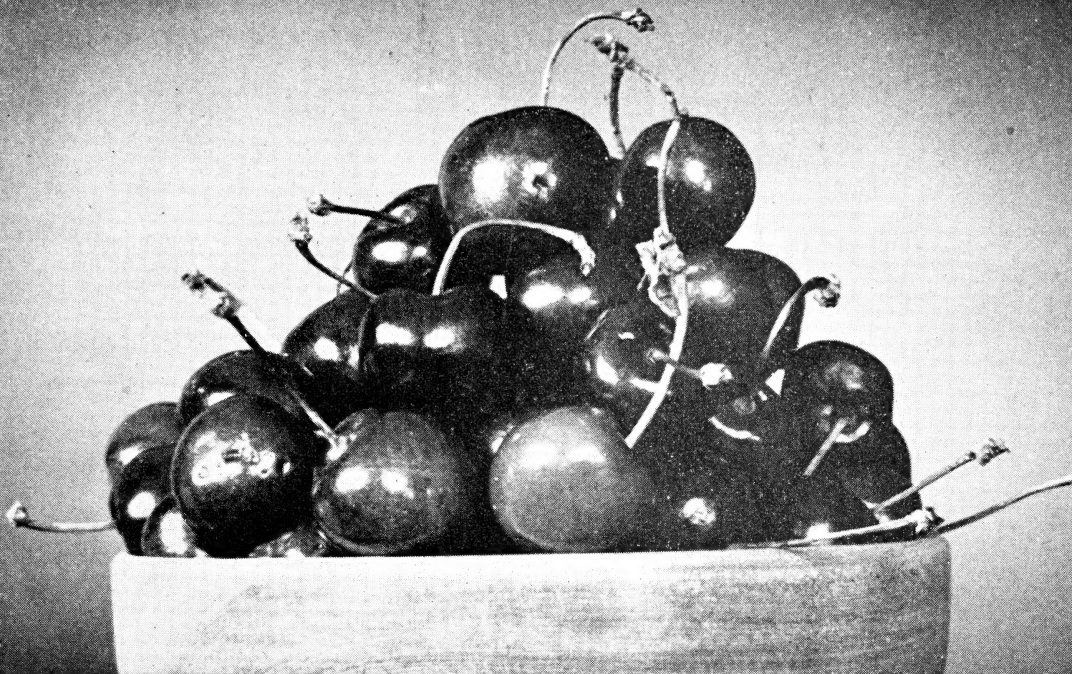
QUINTUPLET APPLE TREES

This new type of tree produces 5 varieties of apples on one tree.

The varieties are **Yellow Transparent**, **McIntosh Red**, **Stayman's Winesap**, **Delicious**, and **Yellow Delicious**. They are selected so that the trees will provide fruit from early summer until late in the season. You pick your first crop of apples in mid-summer from the Yellow Transparent. McIntosh Red ripens in the fall, and Stayman's Winesap, Delicious, and Yellow Delicious will provide fruit throughout the winter.

One Quintuplet Apple Tree planted by itself can be expected to produce satisfactory crops without requiring another tree for pollination.

	Each	Per 3	Per 10
Standard Trees, 3 year, 5 to 7 ft., Extra Heavy.....	\$ 4.00	\$10.80	\$32.00



BLACK OXHEART CHERRIES.

CHERRIES

	Each	Per 3	Per 10
Fan-Shaped Espalier Trees (only Early Richmond and Montmorency)	\$ 3.50	\$ 9.90	\$30.00
Standard Trees , 2 year, 5 to 6 ft., Extra Heavy.....	2.75	7.50	24.00
" " " 4 to 5 ft., Orchard Size.....	2.25	6.30	20.00

Months after name of variety indicate the time of ripening.

BLACK TARTARIAN. June. Sweet, bright purplish-black. Juicy and rich. An immense bearer.

EARLY RICHMOND. June. The earliest sour cherry, dark red. Fruits soon after planting, and bears heavily every year.

ENGLISH MORELLO. August. Late sour cherry, good size, almost black and sprightly acid. Tree bears young and heavy. Hardy for extremely cold latitudes. Low growing like a dwarf tree. Plant the English Morello if your space is limited.

MONTMORENCY. July. The leading sour cherry, and the best pie cherry. Fruit is good-sized, fine flavored and bright, clear red.

NAPOLEON. July. Sweet, large, pale yellow with bright red cheek.

SCHMIDT'S BIGARREAU. July. Sweet, almost black, very juicy. This is one of the largest of our Oxheart cherries.

WINDSOR. July. A dark red Oxheart cherry, very large, sweet, firm and rich.

THE ESPALIER GARDEN (Group No. 60)

3 FAN-SHAPED ESPALIER TREES (1 Elberta Peach, 1 Moorpark Apricot, 1 Montmorency Cherry) for only \$9.90.

PEARS

	Each	Per 3	Per 10
Standard Trees, 2 year, 5 to 7 ft., Extra Heavy.....	\$ 2.25	\$ 6.30	\$20.00
" " " 4 to 6 ft., Orchard Size.....	1.75	4.95	15.00

Months after name of variety indicate the time of ripening.

BARTLETT. September. The leading commercial pear, and the best for canning. Tree bears abundantly. Fruit golden yellow, flesh tender and juicy, with a delicious musky flavor.

BEURRE BOSC. November-December. Very large, gourd-shaped pear. Brownish-yellow in color. White flesh, rich and delicious. Tree very productive.

CAYUGA. September-November. A new pear, originated at N. Y. State Experiment Station, Geneva, N. Y. Averages as large as Bartlett, and possesses a delectable flavor. The quality is better than any other pear except Seckel, its parent.

CLAPP'S FAVORITE. August-September. Large yellow pear, fine texture, melting, with a rich, sweet, delicate flavor. Tree hardy and very productive. Thrives where other varieties fail.

DUCHESSE d'ANGOULEME. October-November. Excites admiration because of its enormous size and high quality. Bears early and abundantly. Blight resistant.

FLEMISH BEAUTY. September-October. Large yellow pear, cheek over-spread with a marbled red blush. Flesh yellowish-white, juicy, sweet, with a very good quality.

GORHAM. September. A new variety. Fruit resembles Bartlett, but ripens 2 weeks later and keeps better. The tree is notably resistant to blight.

KIEFFER. November-Spring. Large yellow pear. Flesh very juicy, with a musky aroma. If stored in a cool place will keep until June.

SECKEL. August-October. A delicious little pear that is the standard of excellence in its class. Brown with red cheek. Very productive.

THE HOME ORCHARD (Group No. 61)

This collection of trees can be expected to yield an ample supply of fruit for an average family throughout the year.

4 Apples (Cortland, McIntosh Red, Yellow Transparent, Rhode Island Greening), 2 year.

3 Pears (Bartlett, Clapp's Favorite, Seckel), 2 year.

3 Cherries (Black Tartarian, Montmorency, Napoleon), 2 year.

2 Plums (Reine Claude, Stanley Prune), 2 year.

3 Peaches (Elberta, Golden Jubilee, Hale Haven), 1 year.

Total 15 Standard Fruit Trees, 5 to 7 ft., Extra Heavy, for only \$27.00.



This is the proud owner of one of our Espalier Trees

PEACHES

	Each	Per 3	Per 10
Fan-Shaped Espalier Trees (only Elberta).....	\$ 3.50	\$ 9.90	\$30.00
Standard Trees , 1 year, 5 to 6 ft., Extra Heavy.....	1.75	4.95	15.00
" " " 4 to 5 ft., Orchard Size.....	1.50	4.20	12.00

BELLE OF GEORGIA. September. Large, attractive, white-fleshed peach. Hardy and productive. Freestone.

ELBERTA. Late September. The greatest commercial variety on the market. Will thrive where any peach can be grown. Large, yellow, juicy and excellent quality. Freestone.

GOLDEN JUBILEE. September. Large yellow, tender, juicy and sweet. Freestone. Tree unusually hardy.

HALE HAVEN. September. A promising new variety. Large yellow, very attractive, of good quality. Freestone.

ROCHESTER. Early September. Large yellow, a very fine canner, prolific, and an early bearer. Freestone. Makes a low growing tree, and should be preferred where space is limited.

SOUTH HAVEN. Early September. Large yellow, prolific. Freestone.

PEACH TREE COLLECTION (Group No. 62)

6 Standard Peach Trees, 5 to 6 ft., Extra Heavy (1 of each listed)
for only \$9.00.

PLUMS

	Each	Per 3	Per 10
Fan-Shaped Espalier Trees.....	\$ 3.50	\$ 9.90	\$30.00
Standard Trees, 2 year, 5 to 7 ft., Extra Heavy.....	2.25	6.30	20.00
" " " 4 to 6 ft., Orchard Size.....	1.75	4.95	15.00

Abbreviations:

Esp.—Fan-Shaped Espalier Trees

St.—Standard Trees, 2 year

Months after name of variety indicate the time of ripening.

	Available in
ABUNDANCE. August. Fruit large, bright cherry red. Flesh juicy and tender. Freestone. Excellent for canning.	Esp. St.
BRADSHAW. September. Large, dark violet red plum of excellent quality and attractive color. Tree bears regularly and heavily.	St.
BURBANK. August. Dark red, unsurpassed for beauty and productiveness. Bears very young. Should be interplanted with Abundance for proper pollination.	Esp. St.
ITALIAN PRUNE (Fellenburg). September. Dark purple, juicy and delicious. Freestone.	St.
REINE CLAUDE (Green Gage). September. Large, pale yellow, marked with red. Good bearer. The finest plum for eating and canning.	St.
STANLEY PRUNE. September. Large, dark blue, juicy and sweet. The tree comes into bearing young, bears annually, and the fruit stays on the tree in good condition for a long while. Freestone.	Esp. St.

APRICOTS

	Each	Per 3	Per 10
Fan-Shaped Espalier Trees.....	\$ 3.50	\$ 9.90	\$30.00
Standard Trees, 2 year, 4 to 6 ft., Extra Heavy.....	2.25	6.30	20.00

- ALEXANDER.** July. Oblong, with orange-yellow skin, spotted with red. A Russian variety of good quality. Tree is a good bearer.
- MOORPARK.** August. Deep yellow with red cheek. Has the highest quality and finest flavor of all apricots.

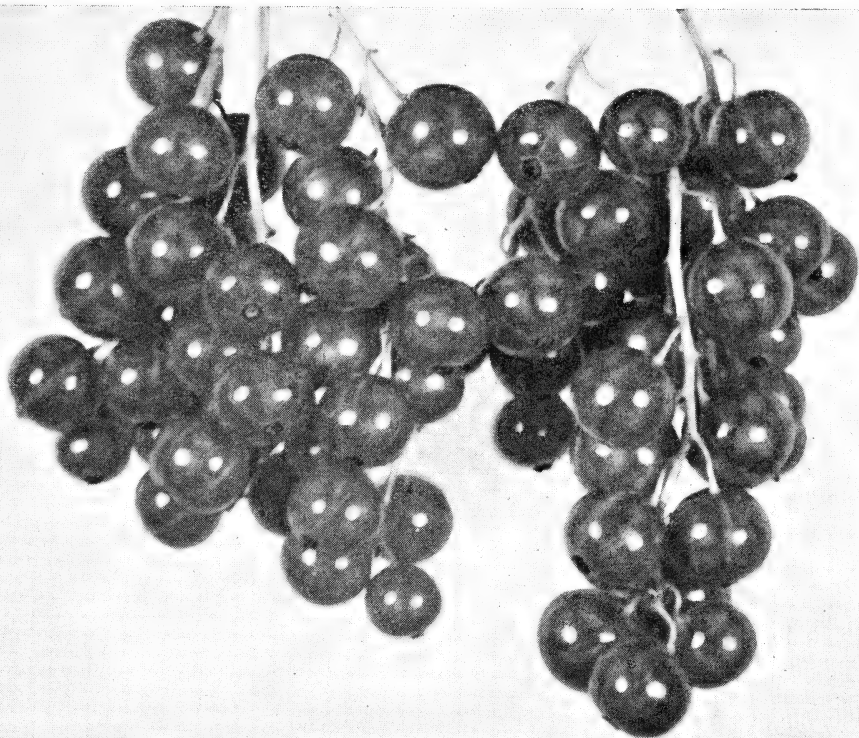
PREPAID SPECIAL (Group No. 63)

3 Bearing-Age Standard Fruit Trees, with Fruit Buds.

- 1 Delicious Apple
- 1 McIntosh Red Apple
- 1 Yellow Transparent Apple

Total 3 Trees for \$9.00 Prepaid.

Remember: We prepay express charges on this Special Offer. You may order additional stock from this catalog, any kind and as many as you want (fruit trees, berries, roses, shrubs or anything else), and we will prepay express charges on the whole shipment if ordered with this Special.



RED LAKE CURRANTS (Actual Size).

GOOSEBERRIES AND CURRANTS

Gooseberries and currants are fruits whose merits for the home garden and local market are not fully appreciated. They are easy to grow, and they occupy only a small amount of space. They may be grown on places too shady for other plants, thus permitting complete utilization of a limited garden area.

They are very hardy. Heavy, annual crops are the rule, and strong 2 year old plants may produce some fruit the first year planted.

	Each	Per 3	Per 10
Strong Plants, 2 year, Transplanted.	\$ 1.00	\$ 2.70	\$ 8.00

DOWNING GOOSEBERRY. A large, handsome fruit, green in color, thin skinned, tender, juicy, and sweet. An immense cropper, and free of mildew.

POORMAN GOOSEBERRY. Fruit dark red, large and very attractive. Until one is acquainted with the Poorman gooseberry, one does not realize how delicious a gooseberry may be. It requires a rich soil, and does not grow well on very light, sandy soils, where Downing should be preferred.

RED LAKE CURRANT. A new red currant, far superior to all other varieties. Berries are unusually large, up to $\frac{1}{2}$ inch diameter. The clusters are up to 4 inches long and filled out to the top with 8 to 10 juicy melting berries on each cluster.

WHITE GRAPE CURRANT. White currants are fine for dessert because of their mild flavor. You will like to eat them.

BLACK WALNUTS

	Each	Per 3	Per 10
Strong Trees, 5 to 6 ft., Extra Heavy.....	\$ 2.25	\$ 6.30	\$20.00

BLACK WALNUT. Fast growing, native tree, valuable for its timber and choice nuts.

NECTARINES

	Each	Per 3	Per 10
Standard Trees, 1 year, 5 to 7 ft., Extra Heavy.....	\$ 2.25	\$ 6.30	\$20.00

BOSTON. September. Bright yellow, apricot-like flesh, pleasantly flavored. Skin smooth, deep red.

SURE CROP. August-September. The melting, juicy texture of this smooth-skinned nectarine and its delicious flavor furnishes one of the most delightful fruits for eating during the summer. The fruits are as large as good-sized peaches, white, and overlaid with very attractive red.

QUINCES

	Each	Per 3	Per 10
Standard Trees, 2 year, 4 to 5 ft.....	\$ 2.50	\$ 7.20	\$22.00

ORANGE. September. Bright golden yellow, of excellent quality. Delicious for jelly, jam and marmalade. The tree is dwarfish in growth, an early bearer, beautiful in the spring when covered with large silvery pink blossoms, and in the fall when loaded with golden fruit.

CRAB APPLES

	Each	Per 3	Per 10
Standard Trees, 2 year, 5 to 7 ft., Extra Heavy.....	\$ 1.75	\$ 4.95	\$15.00

DOLGO. Early September. Fruit red, jellies easily, and makes a rich, ruby red jelly of excellent flavor. Bears young and heavily. The tree has a most striking appearance with its profusion of blossoms in the spring and its brilliant crimson fruit in the fall.

THE MINIATURE ORCHARD (Group No. 64)

Here is a collection of fruit trees which should be planted where space is limited. They make small trees. An average planting distance of between 15-20 ft. is sufficient.

At least part of them should begin to produce fruit the second year.

2 Dwarf Apples (Delicious, McIntosh Red), 4 to 5 ft.

2 Standard Pears (Bartlett, Cayuga), 5 to 7 ft.

1 Standard Peach (Rochester), 5 to 6 ft.

1 Standard Cherry (English Morello), 5 to 6 ft.

Total 6 Fruit Trees for Small Space and Early Yields, for only \$15.00.



MORRISON BLACK CAP RASPBERRIES (Actual Size).

RASPBERRIES

Our 2 year old, transplanted Raspberries are beautiful, heavy plants. They usually begin to bear the first year planted.

	Per 10	Per 25	Per 100
2 year, Transplanted	\$ 3.00	\$ 6.50	\$20.00

CUMBERLAND. Black. A heavy yielder of large firm berries of delicious flavor.

INDIAN SUMMER. Red. Everbearing Raspberry. Fruit commences to ripen with the earliest and continues to fruit until October. Large size, high quality.

LATHAM. Red. Large, round, a perfect variety for canning.

MORRISON BLACK CAP. Black. A wonderful new variety. Enthusiastic reports are received of Morrison Black Cap berries averaging almost 1 inch across. Certainly a berry that you will be proud to produce.

NEWBURGH. Red. The fruit is very large, very firm, and does not crumble. The weight of the fruit is so great that the canes are often bent to the ground. The fruit is borne out in the open where it may be readily picked.

SODUS. Purple. Fruit large, firm, does not crumble. Possibly most productive of all raspberries.

BLACKBERRIES

	Per 10	Per 25	Per 100
Strong Plants, No. 1	\$ 2.00	\$ 4.50	\$15.00

ELDORADO. The hardiest and sweetest blackberry. Large berries in large clusters.

THORNLESS BOYSENBERRIES

This new kind of berry created a sensation all over America. It is a tremendous bearer of immense berries, often up to 2 inches long, and almost seedless. They have a delicious sweet flavor, wonderful to eat or to can.

Boysenberries are trailing vines. The canes grow one year, bear fruit the second year, and then die, another crop taking their place. The canes should be covered during winter months with straw or earth.

At the beginning of the second season, canes should be tied up to a trellis, fence, or along a wire, or they may be tied up to 5 foot posts. After crop is off, fruiting canes are removed, new canes taking their place.

	Each	Per 10	Per 25
Strong Plants, No. 1	\$.40	\$ 3.50	\$ 7.50

GRAPES

Plant Grape vines on a warm spot, such as a side of a building or board fence. The additional heat of such a side will help to mature your grapes better, especially late varieties such as Caco and Sheridan.

A Grape trellis makes a nice division between the vegetable and flower garden.

Select early ripening Grapes such as Fredonia, Ontario, Portland and Worden, if you are located in the far north where late varieties do not mature. Ontario, Sheridan and Delaware are good wine grapes.

	Each	Per 3	Per 10
Strong Vines, 2 year, No. 1	\$.60	\$ 1.65	\$ 5.00
" " 3 year, Super-Size (only Concord).....	1.00	2.70	8.00

AGAWAM. A large red grape with rich aromatic flavor.

CACO. This grape is fast becoming a favorite. It yields astonishing harvests, large bunches of enormous gleaming grapes, deep rich red. Their flavor is exceptional, full, sweet, and refreshing.

CONCORD. The leading commercial grape, ripening about September 15. Color blue-black. Bunches and berries large. Excellent for grape juice.

DELAWARE. Berries are small, light red, unusually sweet and delicious. An excellent table grape, and unsurpassed for making wine. Ripens a few days before Concord.

FREDONIA. This is our earliest grape of the Concord type, ripening 15 days earlier than Concord. Color is blue-black, berries and clusters are large.

NIAGARA. The most popular white grape with large bunches and berries.

ONTARIO. The earliest of the white grapes. Large berries in long clusters, sweet and highly flavored. A beautiful grape, becoming more popular each year.

PORTLAND. A white grape, ripening a few days after Ontario. It contains much sugar and can be eaten before it is fully ripe. Berries are large and quality is excellent.

SHERIDAN. A beautiful blue grape, ripening shortly after Concord. Clusters and berries are very large, very sweet and highly flavored. Fruit can be kept in common storage until January.

WORDEN. A showy blue grape of exceptionally high quality. Fruit is very sweet and juicy. Clusters and berries are large. Ripens ten days ahead of Concord.

THE HOME VINEYARD (Group No. 65)

10 Grapes, Strong Vines, 2 year, No. 1 (1 of each variety listed) for only \$5.00.



JERSEY BLUEBERRIES (Actual Size).

BLUEBERRIES

Blueberries have special soil requirements and are not adapted to so wide a range of soils as are the other fruits. Soils for blueberries should be loose in texture, well supplied with organic matter, and acid. If your soil does not meet these requirements this condition may be created by mixing with the surface soil a liberal quantity of peat moss, partially rotted leaves, pine needles, or sawdust.

Our Bearing-Age Blueberry Plants usually bear some berries the first year planted. Plant 2 or more different varieties for proper pollination.

	Each	Per 3	Per 10
Strong Plants, Bearing-Age, Transplanted, 18 to 24 in.....	\$ 2.75	\$ 7.50	\$24.00
" " 3 year, Transplanted, 12 to 18 in.....	2.00	5.40	16.00

CABOT. Early. First picking late in June. Fruit large, slightly acid and of excellent quality. Bush low (3 to 4 ft.).

CONCORD. Midseason. Large berries, borne in large clusters resembling those of the Concord grape, very acid when first coloring, but becoming of high quality when fully ripe. Bush tall (5 to 6 ft.).

JERSEY. Late. Fruit large, firm, keeping well, acid until dead ripe and of good quality. Tall, well shaped bush (5 to 6 ft.).

PIONEER. Midseason. Berries are very large, many of them measuring over 2 inches around. Bush low (4 ft.), globelike in form.

RANCOCAS. Midseason. Fruit large, light blue, of very good quality. Excellent producer, tending to overbear. Bush tall (5 to 6 ft.).

RUBEL. Late. Berries are sweet with a rich flavor. Has a very long fruiting season, beginning the forepart of July and lasting until middle of August. Bush tall (5 to 6 ft.).

BLUEBERRY COLLECTION (Group No. 66)

6 Blueberry Bushes, Bearing-Age, 18 to 24 in. (1 of each variety listed) for only \$15.00.

BUSH CHERRIES

These are attractive ornamental shrubs which produce edible fruit. However, the fruit cannot be compared with standard cherries with regard to their quality.

Bush Cherries are extremely hardy and bear fruit soon after planting, some of them the first year. Plant different kinds for proper pollination.

	Each	Per 3	Per 10
Stong Plants, 2 year, Transplanted.....	\$ 1.00	\$ 2.70	\$ 8.00

NANKING CHERRY. Masses of bloom, pink in bud, open a pure white, in early spring, before the leaves appear. An abundance of cherry-like brilliant red fruits covers this beautiful shrub in June. Grows to a height of 6-8 ft.

ROCKY MOUNTAIN CHERRY. Fruit is sweet, purple black, up to 1 inch in diameter, shaped like a plum. The bush is low and spreading, and bears well in poor soil. Bears the first year planted. Rarely growing over 5 ft. in height.

MULBERRIES

By planting a Mulberry tree, you will protect your Cherries from being eaten by birds. They like the Mulberries better, and leave the Cherries alone.

	Each	Per 3	Per 10
Strong Trees, 6 to 8 ft.....	\$ 3.00	\$ 8.10	\$25.00

RUSSIAN MULBERRY. An abundance of white or purple, edible berries decorate this beautiful tree in July. Tree grows 50-60 ft. tall.

TEAS WEEPING MULBERRY. Small, tree, not exceeding 10 ft. in height at maturity. Produces edible berries in great profusion.

RHUBARB

It is fair to say that you don't know what Rhubarb is until you have tried these new varieties introduced recently from Canada.

	Each	Per 3	Per 10
Large Roots, No. 1.....	\$ 1.00	\$ 2.70	\$ 8.00

McDONALD. The stalks are up to 2 ft. long, many half as thick as your wrist. The skin is a bright red, and the inside flesh is white. It is very tender and has a rich flavor, far superior to common varieties. A tremendous yielder.

RUBY. The sweetest of all rhubarb, solid red from top to bottom. The inside flesh, too, is colored. The stalks are smaller than McDonald.

THE BERRY GARDEN (Group No. 67)

This berry garden will bear fruit the first year planted. A full crop of berries can be expected the following year and for many years to come.

10 Everbearing Indian Summer Red Raspberries

10 Newburgh Red Raspberries

10 Morrison Black Cap Raspberries

Total 30 Berry Plants, 2 year, Transplanted, for only \$7.50.



SILVER LACE VINE, the first year planted.

FLOWERING VINES

	Each	Per 2	Per 10
Strong Plants, 2 year, No. 1.....	\$1.00	\$1.80	\$8.00

BITTERSWEET (*Celastrus scandens*). Native vine, producing bunches of orange-red berries, retaining their color over a long period. Popular for winter bouquets.

BOSTON IVY (*Ampelopsis Veitchii*). Clings closely to any wall without support. The leaves grow very thickly overlapping each other, forming a tapestry of rare charm which changes in autumn to beautiful shades of crimson and yellow.

CLEMATIS JACKMANI. One of our most charming hardy vines, producing immense royal purple flowers, 4 to 6 inches across. The first flowers appear in July, and they keep coming until September. They bloom the first year planted. Set some annual flowers around your Clematis to protect the roots from the hot sun. A partially shaded location is ideal.

ENGELMAN IVY (*Ampelopsis Engelmani*). A rapid growing, extremely hardy ivy. Clings to stone, brick, or wood. The foliage changes to beautiful orange and scarlet shades in the fall.

EVERBLOOMING HONEYSUCKLE SUMMER KING. From June to October the plants are covered with hundreds of fragrant flowers, flame-scarlet outside and gold inside. Equally fine for porch, trellis, or fence. It is perfectly hardy, and thrives in sun or partial shade.

HALL'S HONEYSUCKLE. Produces fragrant white and yellow flowers all summer. Thrives in sun or partial shade.

SILVER LACE VINE. The fastest growing hardy vine, usually growing 15 to 20 ft. the first year. From the middle of summer until late fall covered with thousands of white flowers.

PURPLE WISTERIA. We offer grafted plants of the Chinese Wisteria which is characterized by large fragrant flowers. They come into bloom very young and all the flowers in each cluster open at about the same time before any leaves appear.

TRUMPET VINE (*Bignonia radicans*). Orange-red, trumpet-shaped blossoms make it one of our most decorative vines. The flowers are 5 to 6 inches long. They appear in clusters for many weeks in midsummer.

BERRY-BEARING SHRUBS

These are ornamental shrubs which have beautiful blossoms in spring, followed by attractive berries in summer, fall, and winter, providing natural bird food. They attract birds which are your best help in curbing insect damage. Plant a border of berry-bearing shrubs—FOR BIRDS AND SONG, FOR BETTER FRUITS AND MORE BEAUTY.

	Each	Per 3	Per 10
Heavy, 2 year shrubs, 2 to 3 ft. and 3 to 4 ft.	\$.90	\$ 2.40	\$ 7.00

Listed in order of ultimate height.

Maturity
Height

RED-LEAF BARBERRY (<i>Berberis Thunbergi atropurpurea</i>). A colorful barberry with yellow flowers in spring, brilliant red foliage throughout summer and fall, and red berries during winter. Plant in full exposure to sun for best color effect.	4- 5 ft.
JETBEAD (<i>Rhodotypos kerrioides</i>). A graceful shrub which produces attractive white flowers on branch ends more or less continuously from late spring until frost. The black berries hang on until following spring. Does well in dry and partially shaded soil.	4- 5 ft.
RUGOSA ROSE (<i>Rosa rugosa</i>). A shrub type of roses with reddish-purple flowers from May to September and brilliant brick-red fruit.	4- 6 ft.
SNOWBERRY (<i>Symphoricarpos racemosus</i>). Large white berries cover the shrub in September and October. Does well in shady places.	4- 6 ft.
CORALBERRY (<i>Symphoricarpos vulgaris</i>). Small pink flowers in spring followed by coral-red berries in October and November.	4- 6 ft.
BUCKTHORN (<i>Rhamnus catharticus</i>). Handsome shrub with attractive glossy leaves and shining black berries. Does well in dry soil and partial shade.	6- 8 ft.
CHOKEBERRY (<i>Aronia arbutifolia</i>). Gracefully arching branches bear a profusion of bright red berries throughout most of the winter.	6- 8 ft.
ARROWWOOD (<i>Viburnum dentatum</i>). White flower clusters in spring and blue berries in fall. Does well in shady places.	6- 8 ft.
IBOTA PRIVET (<i>Ligustrum ibota</i>). A dense shrub with dark green leaves and white fragrant flowers on erect panicles, followed by bluish black berries.	6- 8 ft.
CORAL DOGWOOD (<i>Cornus alba sibirica</i>). Coral-red branched, upright growing shrub which does well in shady places. Flat white flowers and clusters of bluish tinted white berries.	8-10 ft.
GOLDEN ELDER (<i>Sambucus canadensis aurea</i>). A golden-leaf form of the American Elder. White flower clusters 10 inches across in late June, and an abundance of purplish-black fruit thereafter. Does well in partial shade.	8-10 ft.
PEKING COTONEASTER (<i>Cotoneaster acutifolia</i>). Small reddish flowers are followed by black fruit and brilliant fall coloring.	10-15 ft.
TARTARIAN HONEYSUCKLE (<i>Lonicera tartarica</i>). Strong grower. Covered in spring with pink flowers, in summer and fall with red berries.	10-15 ft.
EUROPEAN CRANBERRY BUSH (<i>Viburnum opulus</i>). A shrub with white flowers and scarlet clusters of juicy berries. The fruit is tart and edible, used much as the well-known "Turkey-Cranberry." Beautiful crimson foliage in fall.	10-15 ft.
BURNING BUSH (<i>Euonymus europaeus</i>). A quite unusual shrub. After the beautiful reddish autumn foliage has fallen, pink fruits which break open displaying bright orange seeds hang all over the shrub like tiny Christmas ornaments.	12-15 ft.

THE BIRD PARADISE (Group No. 68)

15 Berry-Bearing Shrubs (1 of each listed) for only \$10.00.

If you do not want the entire collection, select just those you wish at the following prices: 3 for \$2.40, 10 for \$7.00.



GOLDEN ROSE OF CHINA.

FLOWERING SHRUBS

This is a selection of our finest flowering shrubs. Plant them around your home or along your border for year around beauty.

	Each	Per 3	Per 10
Heavy, 2 year shrubs, 2 to 3 ft. and 3 to 4 ft.	\$.90	\$ 2.40	\$ 7.00

Listed in order of ultimate height.

**Maturity
Height**

- DWARF RED SPIREA** (*Spirea Anthony Waterer*). Flat heads of red flowers almost all summer. A popular shrub which succeeds everywhere, also in partly shady places. 3- 4 ft.
- RED WEIGELA** (*Weigela Eva Rathke*). A fountain of crimson with its rich bell-shaped, ruby-red flowers covering the whole shrub. 4- 5 ft.
- HILLS OF SNOW** (*Hydrangea arborescens grandiflora*). This grand shrub is especially fine for shady places like the north side of a house. In mid-summer it is covered with immense rounded heads of white flowers. 4- 5 ft.
- BOUQUET BLANC MOCKORANGE** (*Philadelphus Bouquet Blanc*). A graceful shrub with slender branches and a myriad of fragrant white flowers that make the plant look like a large bouquet in June and July. 4- 5 ft.
- SWEET SHRUB** (*Calycanthus floridus*). A large leaved shrub with spicy fragrant, chocolate colored flowers. Thrives well in shady locations. 4- 5 ft.
- BEAUTY BUSH** (*Kolkwitzia amabilis*). A charming oriental shrub with bell-shaped pink flowers, completely covering the shrub in the spring. Plant in good soil, and do not expect too much bloom for the first two years. 4- 6 ft.
- F. J. GROOTENDORST ROSE** (*Rosa F. J. Grootendorst*). A hardy shrub rose with clusters of bright red flowers all summer. Succeeds everywhere. 4- 6 ft.
- PINK ALMOND** (*Amygdalus glandulosa*). A beautiful small shrub, bearing an abundance of small, double, rose-like flowers, closely set upon twigs before the leaves appear. 5- 6 ft.

FLOWERING SHRUBS—Continued

	Maturity Height
RED FLOWERING QUINCE (<i>Cydonia japonica</i>). This is the old-fashioned Fire-Bush. A gorgeous sight with its scarlet blossoms.	5- 6 ft.
WHITE SPIREA (<i>Spirea van Houttei</i>). America's most popular shrub. Succeeds everywhere.	5- 6 ft.
GOLDEN ROSE OF CHINA (<i>Rosa hugonis</i>). A beauty spot in June when the graceful arching branches of this hardy rose shrub are covered with single golden flowers, 2½ inches across.	5- 8 ft.
DEUTZIA (<i>Deutzia Pride of Rochester</i>). A splendid shrub which grows in sun or partial shade; at blooming time in June, a perfect mass of lovely double flowers of white tinged pink.	6- 8 ft.
PINK WEIGELA (<i>Weigela rosea</i>). Beautiful, bell-shaped pink flowers, borne profusely along circling branches.	6- 8 ft.
VIRGINAL MOCKORANGE (<i>Philadelphus Virginal</i>). A wonderful shrub with waxy semi-double flowers, the largest and most fragrant of all mockoranges, blooming for a long season.	7- 8 ft.
PEEGEE HYDRANGEA (<i>Hydrangea paniculata grandiflora</i>). The immense cone-shaped blooms are white at first, then turn pink and bronze. Grows in sun or partial shade and is hardy everywhere.	8-10 ft.
CHINA LILAC (<i>Syringa chinensis</i>). Slender arching branches bear large broad clusters of fragrant purple-lilac flowers. Different from any other lilac and very attractive.	8-10 ft.
GOLDEN BELL (<i>Forsythia intermedia</i>). Masses of bright yellow flowers before the leaves appear, sometimes before the snow is gone. You may cut branches on a frost-free day any time after January. Place them in water and they will bloom indoors long before spring arrives.	8-10 ft.
WEeping FORSYTHIA (<i>Forsythia suspensa</i>). A Golden Bell with long slender branches drooping gracefully to the ground, entirely covered with yellow blossoms early in the spring.	8-10 ft.
SWEET MOCKORANGE (<i>Philadelphus coronarius</i>). An old favorite with all gardeners. Fragrant cream-white flowers in May-June.	8-10 ft.
SNOWBALL (<i>Viburnum opulus sterilis</i>). Hundreds of pure white balls cover this popular shrub which thrives in sun or partial shade.	10-12 ft.
DOUBLE FRENCH LILAC (<i>Syringa vulgaris hybr.</i>). Large flowering, double, very fragrant. Colors are pink, white, and blue. They begin to bloom the year after planting.	10-12 ft.
PURPLE LILAC (<i>Syringa vulgaris</i>). The old-fashioned single lilac, delightfully fragrant.	12-15 ft.
WHITE LILAC (<i>Syringa vulgaris alba</i>). The same shrub, with white flowers.	12-15 ft.
VILLOSA LILAC (<i>Syringa villosa</i>). A late lilac, producing beautiful clusters of pink flowers, extending the lilac season for several weeks.	12-15 ft.
FRENCH PUSSY WILLOW (<i>Salix caprea</i>). Snow may still cover your lawn when you cut your first spring bouquets from your Pussy Willow shrubs. Soft and silvery, large catkins cover the bush for many weeks.	12-15 ft.

THE EVERBLOOMING SHRUB BORDER (Group No. 69)

By planting many different varieties your shrub border may be in bloom from early spring until late fall.

25 Flowering Shrubs (1 of each listed) for only \$16.00.

If you do not want the entire collection, select just those you wish at the following prices: 3 for \$2.40, 10 for \$7.00.



RED-LEAF SCHWEDLER MAPLE, a majestic shade tree.

SHADE TREES

Height listed after name of variety indicates size at maturity.

Listed in order of ultimate height.

	Actual Size	Each
UMBRELLA TREE (<i>Catalpa Bungei</i>). 12-15 ft. Makes an umbrella-shaped top without pruning.	5- 6 ft.	\$1.50
EUROPEAN MOUNTAIN ASH (<i>Sorbus aucuparia</i>). 20-40 ft. One of the most ornamental of all trees. Clusters of flashy orange colored fruits from midsummer until late fall.	6- 8 ft.	2.50
FLOWERING CATALPA (<i>Catalpa speciosa</i>). 30-40 ft. Rapid growing tree with large heart-shaped leaves and panicles of white flowers in June.	6- 8 ft.	1.50
RED-LEAF SCHWEDLER MAPLE (<i>Acer Schwedleri</i>). 40-50 ft. One of our most colorful trees. Leaves are brilliant red in the spring; they turn dark green in mid-summer and golden yellow in the fall.	6- 8 ft.	4.00
CHINESE ELM (<i>Ulmus pumila</i>). 40-50 ft. A rapid grower, with small attractive leaves. Extremely hardy in severe sections.	8-10 ft.	2.50
SUGAR MAPLE (<i>Acer saccharum</i>). 50-60 ft. A native American tree, most colorful in fall when its leaves are bright yellow, orange and scarlet. The tree thrives in sun as well as in shade and furnishes sap from which maple sugar is made.	6- 8 ft.	2.50
NORWAY MAPLE (<i>Acer platanoides</i>). 50-60 ft. The rich green foliage turns to a light yellow in the fall.	8-10 ft.	3.00
SILVER MAPLE (<i>Acer dasycarpum</i>). 60-80 ft. The fastest growing of the maples. Foliage silvery on the underside and beautifully colored in the fall. Provides good shade very quickly.	8-10 ft.	2.00
LOMBARDY POPLAR (<i>Populus nigra italica</i>). 60-80 ft. Narrow-growing tree, likewise effective for specimen planting as for boundary lines and entrances.	8-10 ft.	1.25

GARDEN ARISTOCRATS

This is a collection of lovely ornamentals, shrubs and trees of outstanding beauty, for specimens on your lawn. Plant them where nothing else will interfere with them.

Height listed after name of variety indicates size at maturity.

Listed in order of ultimate height.

	Actual Size	Each
ROSE TREE OF CHINA (<i>Prunus triloba</i>). 8-10 ft. This beautiful shrub is completely covered with double, pink flowers resembling small roses in early spring.	2- 3 ft.	\$1.25
DOWNY SHADBLOW (<i>Amelanchier canadensis</i>). 10-15 ft. Early in the spring, before most other shrubs bloom and before its own leaves appear, this shrub has a wonderful display of beautiful white flowers. Bright red berries follow in profusion during June. The shrub does well in shady places.	3- 4 ft.	1.25
AMERICAN SMOKE TREE (<i>Rhus cotinus</i>). 10-15 ft. One of the most beautiful and unusual plants. From mid-summer until autumn surmounted with masses of feathery panicles of flowers which give the effect of a cloud of smoke. Makes a unique specimen on the lawn.	3- 4 ft.	1.25
BECHTEL'S CRAB (<i>Malus ioensis plena</i>). 12-15 ft. A beautiful, double pink flowering crab with fragrant flowers in May-June, covering the whole tree.	3- 4 ft.	1.75
BLOOD-LEAF PLUM (<i>Prunus cistena</i>). 12-15 ft. A new colorful shrub with deep purple leaves all season. Even the bark itself and the wood is purple. Its unusual foliage makes an attractive contrast to the green of the lawn. The shrub is very hardy.	3- 4 ft.	1.25
RED LILAC (<i>Syringa Ludwig Spaeth</i>). 12-15 ft. Beauty and fragrance of this French Lilac are unexcelled. The large blossoms are of splendid dark purplish red color.	3- 4 ft.	1.25
WITCH HAZEL (<i>Hamamelis virginiana</i>). 12-15 ft. The Witch Hazel produces curious bright yellow flowers late in the fall or even during the winter. The large leaves turn yellow, orange, or purple in the fall.	2- 3 ft.	1.00
CORNELIAN CHERRY (<i>Cornus Mas</i>). 15-20 ft. Clusters of yellow flowers cover this shrub long before spring arrives. Almost overnight the shrub bursts into blossom, later bearing red edible fruit resembling small cherries.	2- 3 ft.	1.25
RED FLOWERING CRAB (<i>Malus Hopa</i>). 20-25 ft. The tree is literally covered by large, rose-colored fragrant flowers in the spring, and clusters of bright red fruits in late summer and fall. A hardy tree which grows on the poorest soil.	4- 5 ft.	1.75
JUNE LILAC (<i>Syringa japonica</i>). 20-25 ft. This is one of the rarest kinds of lilacs and a tree of unusual beauty. The majestic clusters of yellowish-white flowers in June last for a long time.	3- 4 ft.	2.00

THE GARDEN ARISTOCRATS (Group No. 70)

10 Shrubs and Trees of outstanding beauty (1 of each listed)
for only \$12.00.

EVERBLOOMING ROSES

	Each	Per 3	Per 10
Extra Heavy, Selected Bushes, 2 year, field-grown, No. 1..	\$ 1.00	\$ 2.70	\$ 8.50

AMI QUINARD. Velvety blackish-crimson, very fragrant. An abundant bloomer.

CHRISTOPHER STONE. Free blooming plant, producing fragrant, velvety-textured roses of vivid-scarlet, deliciously scented.

CONDESA de SASTAGO. A marvelously colored rose with large flowers of fiery copper-red inside and rich yellow outside.

ETOILE de FRANCE. Large double blossoms of rich velvety crimson. Very fragrant.

F. K. DRUSCHKI. Snow white flowers, extremely large.

GOLDEN DAWN. The large flowers are a clear unfading lemon yellow and very fragrant.

GRENOBLE. Large, scarlet-red flowers without shading on long stems.

GRUSS an TEPLITZ. Dark red flowers in clusters. Very hardy.

JOANNA HILL. Very double bloom with yellow center, surrounded by gold buff petals.

K. A. VICTORIA. Splendid large buds and superb double blooms of pure creamy white. A continuous bloomer, unsurpassed for cutting.

LADY ASHTOWN. A much-admired rose whose large, long-pointed buds open to perfect carmine-pink blooms with a golden underglow.

LUXEMBOURG. Buds long and pointed, with blooms of deep bronzy yellow, very full and lovely.

McGREDY'S SCARLET. Vivid rose-red, with a blazing scarlet sheen. Large flowers of perfect shape.

MEVROUW G. A. VAN ROSSEM. Radiant, apricot-colored buds opening to bright golden yellow flowers streaked with orange. Very fragrant.

MISS LOLITA ARMOUR. Deep coral red with a golden suffusion, yellow at base.

MISS ROWENA THOM. Blooms of brilliant satiny pink, orange-flame center.

MME. JOSEPH PERRAUD. Very large, double yellow flowers, deeply tinted coppery at center.

MRS. HENRY BOWLES. Bright pink, flushed salmon. Very fragrant and vigorous.

MRS. PIERRE S. DU PONT. Bud reddish-yellow, flower deep golden-yellow, fragrant. A profuse and continuous bloomer.

PADRE. Copper-scarlet, flushed yellow at base.

ROSLYN. Deep golden-yellow flowers, borne singly on long strong stems.

SENSATION. Enormous crimson-red flowers. Very fragrant.

SISTER THERESE. Dark golden yellow, long pointed buds, marked red. Blooms freely.

SOUV. de CLAUDIUS PERNET. Beautiful long buds and large yellow flowers.

TALISMAN. Brilliant red and gold buds, opening to well shaped blooms of scarlet orange and rich yellow.

EVERBLOOMING ROSE COLLECTION (Group No. 71)

25 Everblooming Roses, Extra Heavy, Selected Bushes, 2 year,
field grown, No. 1 (1 of each listed) for only \$20.00.

If you do not want the entire collection, select just those you wish at
the following prices: 3 for \$2.70, 10 for \$8.50.

CLIMBING ROSES

Ideal to cover a porch, arbor, or fence with beautiful roses.

	Each	Per 3	Per 10
Extra Heavy. Selected Bushes, 2 year, field-grown, No. 1..	\$ 1.00	\$ 2.70	\$ 8.50

MARY WALLACE. Brilliant warm pink flowers, very lovely. Usually blooms in spring only but often will give a few blooms again in fall.

PAUL'S SCARLET. The most beautiful red climbing rose. Its bright scarlet flowers are produced so abundantly that the plants are covered with hundreds of blooms.

PRIMROSE. New hardy yellow climber with large double canary-yellow flowers in great profusion.

HEDGES

	Planting Distance	Actual Size	Per 10	Per 25	Per 100
AMUR PRIVET (<i>Ligustrum amurense</i>). The hardiest of the privets.	1 ft.	2-3 ft.	\$3.00	\$ 6.00	\$20.00
CALIFORNIA PRIVET (<i>Ligustrum ovalifolium</i>). Almost evergreen. Not quite hardy in severe sections.	1 ft.	2-3 ft.	2.50	5.00	15.00
GREEN-LEAF BARBERRY (<i>Berberis Thunbergi</i>). Popular for its low and dense growth.	1½ ft.	1½-2 ft.	5.00	12.00	40.00
RED-LEAF BARBERRY (<i>Berberis Thunbergi atropurpurea</i>). Brilliant red foliage. Plant in full sun.	1½ ft.	1½-2 ft.	6.00	14.00	50.00
WHITE SPIREA (<i>Spirea van Houttei</i>). Ideal for medium-sized flowering hedges.	2 ft.	2-3 ft.	5.00	12.00	40.00

PLANTING INSTRUCTIONS. We will send you a Planting Guide free with every order.

SUBSTITUTION. Occasionally we find ourselves out of a certain variety. In such cases we always send the nearest match in color and season unless you instruct not to substitute.

PRICES AND TERMS. Prices are F. O. B. Geneva, N. Y. Stock will be packed free of charge. Please send cash with order or we will ship C. O. D. if desired.

Quantity rates apply to quantities of ONE kind, one or different varieties. Example: An order on 10 apples in as many varieties as you want takes the rate per 10. An order on 3 apples, 3 pears, 3 cherries, and 3 plums, your choice of varieties, takes the rates per 3.

SPECIAL PRICES. Please write for special prices on larger quantities.

PREPAID SHIPMENTS. If you want us to prepay postage or express charges, please add 10% to the total of your order.

Do not add any amount when you order the Prepaid Special from page 8.

OUR GUARANTEE. We guarantee our nursery stock to be true to name, and to reach you in perfect condition.

We will replace free of charge any tree or plant that may prove untrue to name.

If any tree or plant you buy from us, should not live, we will replace it at half price, providing you have carefully followed our planting instructions.

You will find us always eager to give you a fair deal, and to do our part to make your garden a source of pleasure and happiness.

All orders will be shipped at proper planting time, unless otherwise instructed.

POLLINATION OF FRUIT TREES

The value of pollination in the production of a fruit crop is now well recognized. Although many varieties are self-fruitful, experiments show that they are greatly benefited by cross pollination.

Here are some brief remarks on how to select your varieties.

APPLES: They need cross-pollination. Plant therefore at least two different varieties. Good pollinators are Cortland, Delicious, Macoun, Milton, and Wealthy. Include one of these varieties in your planting.

PEARS: Plant at least two different varieties for proper pollination. Bartlett and Seckel do not pollinate each other. Where these two varieties are planted, a third variety should be included.

PLUMS: Abundance and Burbank need cross-pollination. They pollinate each other. All other varieties which we offer are self-fruitful.

CHERRIES: Sweet Cherries need cross-pollination. Plant at least two different varieties. Sour Cherries are self-fruitful.

PEACHES, APRICOTS: They are self-fruitful. However, crops will be increased by planting different varieties for pollination.

BUSH CHERRIES, BLUEBERRIES: They need cross-pollination. Plant two or more different varieties to insure satisfactory crops.

Most other kinds of fruit trees and berries are self-fruitful.

For complete information we refer to Circular No. 132 issued by New York State Experiment Station, Geneva, N. Y. They will be glad to send you a copy free of charge, if you ask for it.

FALL PLANTING

Fall is an ideal time to plant most kinds of trees, shrubs, and roses. Only such plants are listed in this catalog which do well when planted in the fall.

Proper planting time for most kinds of trees and plants begins around the middle of October and continues until severe freezing weather.

Peaches, Nectarines, Apricots, Boysenberries, and Blueberries have a long growing season, and they have to be fully matured to be transplanted safely. We prefer, therefore, to ship these kinds after November 1.

Please send in your order as soon as you receive this catalog. We will ship at proper planting time.

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If you, by any chance, are not going to plant anything this fall, please, don't throw this catalog away.

There may be a friend of yours who is just looking for such a booklet. Please pass it on.

Thank you.

